more than under the present rates.

of right. Take, for instance, the Kansas the Pacific road. Leavenworth paid this road a quarter of a million dollars on condition that the road from Lawrence to this place should be a part of the main line; it took the money and used it, and has never since pretended to make the slightest movement toward carrying out the terms of its contract, and the people of Leavenworth, who paid their money for the privilege of a road that would carry them to go from their city to the west without changing cars, cannot now travel over this road to the capital of the state-sixty miles distant-without changing cars and waiting an hour on the platform at Lawrence. The only reason the road pretends to give for this fingrant violation of contract is that "it don't pay to run through trains on that line." Suppose it doesn't pay-wasn't that contemplated when the contract was entered into-else why should this large bonus have been demanded and paid? It is never necessary to hire a railroad, at a price of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to do what it "would pay" to do anyhow. The whole matter is simply this: The Kansas Pacific road entered a contract with the county of Leavenworth to do a certain thing for a stated consideration-that consideration being a quarter of a million dollars-the money was paid, the road received it, and used it, and now that it does not find it to its interest to do islature is to pass a law declaring that this road shall do what it has agreed to do, and what it has been paid for doing. Is that an unreasonable demand?

COMPANY.

We publish this morning the thirty-first annual report of the old New York Life Insurance Company of New York. The editor of this paper was an agent of this company over twenty years ago. It was then considered one of the best life insurance companies in the country. Since that time it has been conducted in the same wise and business-like way. The old solid business men of New York have had the management of its financial affairs, and it has be doing an act of gross injustice to therefore transacted business year after year, gradually increasing in importance, until to-day it has cash assets of over thirty-three millions of dollars, and is known as the strongest life insurance company in the United States.

pied the position for over twenty-five years. He justly ranks with the best of Life Insu-It is worthy of note, too, that this com-

pany, notwithstanding the business depression and the life insurance scare, is able to report having issued 6,500 new policies in 1876, insuring over \$20,000,000, and also. that its amount at risk shows a gain by the last year's business. Its assets of last year exceeded liabilities of all kinds by more than \$5,500,000. Its income last year was nearly \$8,000,006, and, of the \$5,000,000 disbursed, no less than \$4,300,000 found its way into the hands of policy-holders in the form of death losses, returned premiums, dividends, annuities or matured endow-

EXPEL HIM.

As a specimen of the blackmailing carried on by the correspondent of the Kansas is to be again amended, and a bill for that day that the Nebraska legislature visited this city, it will be remembered that Gov. Salter said, "The band will give us a piece uary, and provides severe penalties for killa piece of cheese."

Ford in some way got hold of it, and

yesterday he said Wood didn't want it pub-lished. He was asked how much Wood would give him not to publish it. With his characteristic frankness he replied: and the city bill, the bill for collection of "Not a cent, damn him, but I will publish taxes, and the bill prescribing what taxes it if he is not very clever to me."

The fact is just this: When the invita-

tion to Ford was read in the house last week, Wood didn't stand up to Ford with as much firmness as Ford thought he should have done, so Ford is waiting for an oppor-

Post-Office Department :

Established.-Coronado, Sedgwick county, Charles Wood Davis, postmaster; Hays- after a committee has reported in favor of ville, Sedgwick county, William Hays, it than it was before. This is the reason postmaster; Kitley, Sumner county, Isaac McClaskey, postmaster; Lula Valley, Pratt house seems to have no confidence at all in county, Charles M. Johnson, postmaster; its committees, but appears to think it is one of its duties to tear up any report that Merifield, postmaster.

Postmasters appointed - Bow creek, Phil-mittee reports in favor of lips county, Cyrus H. Robbins; Fiorence, Marion county, W. A. Stanford; Maherwille, Barton county, Samuel S. Shields; some gentleman from Linn or Labette, who Milton, Marion county, Josephus Collett; knows fast about as much concerning the

FROM TOPEKA.

The Legislature Will Adjourn Sine Die on the 6th of March Next.

Raid Claim Bill-The Indian Territory.

A Full Text of the Report of the Insane Asylum Investiga-

ting Committee.

THE LEGISLATURE. Topeka, Kan., February 24. - Both houses of the legislature have done a big day's work, mostly on private bills It is the expectation now to close up busthe presidential question is settled, not knowing what action may be necessary. It is about concluded to go to Denver and Chevenne after the adjournment, in stead of to Texas.

- REVISION OF THE STATUTES. TOPEKA, Kan., February 24.-The Senate yesterday passed a bill for a commisfares to reasonable figures, would be to sion to revise the statutes of the state. cepted the conditions of the act, and largely augment the business of the roads. The bill provides for three commissioners Cheaper rates would at once cause an increase of business, and the additional This is the best measure for a commission aries of professors. The college amount of carrying done would soon be of the kind that has been proposed, and if sufficient to make the profits of the roads it is decided to have a revision made at the present time it should be done under The bill to compel the roads to conform this act. But it seems to be necessary for to their charters is merely a simple act of the state to make some provision for the to their charters is merely a simple act of the state to make some provision for the justice, and ought to be passed as a matter time that must necessarily elapse before

can be published. Even though the commissioners should go to work immediately the revision could not be published until passed upon by the next Legislature—two years hence—and it would take nearly a year after that to get the books printed and who ascertained that J. C. Cartwright, W. H. Odell and duced by Mr. Stillings as a substitute for given for electors and had the highest number of votes for that office, and by the extirely exhausted the state would be obliged bidders, at a tax sale, but

WITHOUT GENERAL STATUTES

A DIGEST \$3,500, and let the printing be done at the only one senator, I believe, voted for it. public expense by the state printer.

MR. DASSLER, OF LEAVENWORTH, who has a work of the same character althan the state could do the work itself. A GRASSHOPPER BILL

supervisors of road districts to "warn" the whenever in their judgment it is necessary, partment will sound like a little joke. and anyone who refuses to turn out and fight, when so called upon, is to be subject to a fine of five dollars a day for every day THE NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE till the order of the supervisor is obeyed. IN THE HOU E

the appropriation bills were under consideration, and the various items of the executive bill were disposed of. In the afternoon a lively discussion sprung up over the report of the committee that had been to THE INDANE ASYLUM.

The report was submitted, but not read and upon a motion to print it, was charged by several members that the examination had been wholly ex parte, and that it would THE SUPERINTENDENT

of the institution to publish a report based upon testimony taken under such circumstances. The chairman of the committee admitted that during the examination of the most material witnesses the accused was not permitted to be present, in person or by counsel. The house ordered the majority and minority reports both to be printed, together with the memorial presented by Dr. Knapp. At the evening session a bill was passed authorizing boards of county com-

missioners of counties, in which THE HERD LAW the herd law, but when the law is

ONCE IN FORCE. there is no way in which they can get rid

City Times in the legislature, we give the purpose passed the house yesterday evening. following for what it is worth: On the This allows the killing of prairie chickens from the first of August till the first of Jan-Governor Anthony turned to ing them at any other time. A man is pro-Speaker Wood and said, "How big a piece."
Wood, without thinking of the result of such a reply, answered, "About as big as riod. The LEAVENWORTH LOCAL BILLS

were under consideration by the senate yes terday evening in committee of the whole, shall be assessed by the County Board this postpone further consideration of the meas-

this legislature differs from all other bodies

of the kind. It is generally the case when We have known a good many things of a committee has given careful attention to which Ford has been guilty, and if this be a measure, and makes a recommendation true of him he ought to be expelled from in favor of it, that the opinion of the com mittee has some weight with the house, and it is supposed that a recommendation POST-OFFICE CHANGES IN KANSAS would not be made without good reason During the week ending February 24, 1877, therefor. But this house pays no attention furnished by Wm. Van Vleck, of the whatever to the recommendations of its committees, and a bill is

NOT A WHIT BETTER OFF comes from a committee. If a local com-

VACATING AN ALLEY in some little town in Republic county Oak Mills, Atchison county, Mrs. Mary J.

Jones; Union, Smith county, George W.

Islander, feels it his duty to make an elabthe custom.—Troy Chief.

Oak Mills, Atchison county, Mrs. Mary J.

Islander, feels it his duty to make an elabthe custom.—Troy Chief.

Orate space haven the subject, and close by

claim, and passed the house resolution seking congress to organize a territorial government for the Indian Territory, and the Indians to become citizens with a proviso that it should not be open to the whites.

The house defeated the senate bill to describe the senate bill the senate b posit the money of the state in banks. It passed the senate bill to allow counties to vote bonds for railroads by a major-

[From Our Own Correspondent] THE AGRICULTURAL APPROPRIATION. TOPEKA, February 27 .- The bill for an at 1 o'clock, and the decision of the elecappropriation to the agricultural college toral commission in the Oregon case was was before the house, in committee of the announced. whole, and the institution was pretty roughly handled. A good many gentlemen sta- was made by the Democrats, and the sena ted very plainly that they were decidedly ators withdrew. of the opinion that the institution is

A FLAT FAILURE. Mr. Ballaine, of the committee who visited the college, gave an interesting description of the grounds, buildings, and course of study, and showed that there was no such thing as practical agriculture in or about the institution, or taught by it to the pu

endowing the college provides that the interest upon its endowment fund shall be used exclusively for paying the teachers of the institution, and that all other expenses including the erection of all necessary buildings, must be paid by the state, and it is argued that in accepting the endowment thousand, twelve thousand of which is to voted as such at the ti be appropriated to the construction of a United States and law, and the commis-

ready for use, and as the old edition is en- property bid in by them, for want of other

for three years; to provide against this, a bill prepared and introduced at the refor three years; to provide against this, a bill prepared and introduced at the re-there are two propositions before the legisthere are two propositions before the legis-lature: Hon. W. C. Webb, reporter of the Supreme Court, has been engaged for some time past upon

quest of the Governor, to create the office of a land-commissioner, to have charge of and dispose of the school lands of the state. The purpose of this bill was to create an and forwarded by them to the president of of the laws of the state, and has the work of insurance, with a corps of assistants, and well advanced toward completion. He the whole school land business of the state proposes to finish it up at one; and sell was to be transacted in this department the manuscript to the stree for the sum of The bill didn't meet with much favor, and

report yesterday, favorable to the Depart ready in print and ready for delivery-a ment of Insurance. They consider it well very superior one of the kind-offers to cessity for it. The Commonwealth, comsell to the state and deliver at once as many menting upon this report, says that under copies as may be needed, at seven dollars the old law bogus companies filled the state, department no bogus institution of the kind was also passed in the senate, and will To the people of Leaverworth, who have be counted as such. what it has agreed to do, it flatly refuses to comply with its part of the contract, and probably pass the house. It empowers the so recently read the interesting story of the probably pass the house. people out en masse to fight grasshoppers, Baker's comments upon the Insurance De-

THE INSANE ASYLUM. The Committee on Charitable Institutions Garfield, and Geo. F. Hoar. have submitted their reports-majority and minority-on the condition of affairs at Ossawatomie, and I send copies of both reports, together with Dr. Knapp's memorial-The testimony is not all printed yet. The charges of licentiousness against the Superintendent are contained in the following paragraph from the report :

That from the statements of several of the poses. That at times when he should have been attending to his duties, he was locked up in certain rooms in the asylum with one of the female employes, and at one time when caught he showed marked signs of guilt, and tried to explain the matter away by saying they were "catching rats." At this time all the lights were turned out except one, and it was turned down very low; which was unusual at that hear. The statements further show that this woman was unmarried, and that she had a miscarriage; that the superintendent was her aftending physician; that he still related this woman in the employ of the asylum for a long time afterwards when rumor was rife of immoral and improper conduct on her part. And that the statements of the employes show further, that he attempted to lure to destruction and seduce an innocent, fatheriess girl; and that for the accomplishment of his designs he first made her a present of a hair switch and afterwards offered her a pair of ear rings; and at the time the rings. The statements of the senate pair of ear rings; and at the time the rings of a hair switch and afterwards offered her a pair of ear rings; and at the time the rings.

BROUT VOTING BONIS.

When the

ABOUT VOTING BONDS.

stands, any county, through its board of county, township or city may vote bonds at question. commissioners, can accept the provisions of pleasure, to aid in the construction of a railroad. The Leavenworth members of the House will insist upon amending the bills, of it, in case they don't want it any longer, provisions may not apply to cities or townand the object of the bill passed yesterday ships already having a railroad indebtedevening is to give counties a chance to rid ness equal to five per centum of the assess- fied with the action of the majority of themselves of the herd law when they get ed valuation of their property. This will their party to-day in voting to continue the tired of it.

and which can afford to pay liberally for railroad facilities; such counties should have the privilege of voting boods, within in case of the removal, deah in case of the provides that like Leavenworth, as much bended debt as they can carry, already, should not be allowed to take on any greater burdens.

Resignation of intermediate and Vice-President of the United States, and Vice-President of the Senate, or, if there is none, the Speaker of the House, shall act as President until the disability is removed or

ure, was carried by a very large majority. ed a bill to explained.

The bill is an "orphan" in the house.

After som

THE LEGISLATURE. Topeka, Kan., February 26 .- The senate to-day passed the bill reducing the number of judicial districts, the law to go into effect at the time the term of the offices of the present judges expire.

The Price raid claim bill was defeated.

A resolution passed recommending udge Dillon as United States Supreme Judge Dillon as United States Supreme Court Associate Justice.

The proposed amendment to the Consti-tution providing for an election of state officers in 1878 was passed. The bill providing for a land commis-sioner was defeated.

The bill to provide for a state board of

The bill providing for a commission to certify the laws passed the house.

The committee of the whole reduced the appropriation for the agricultural college from \$31,000 asked for to \$18,000.

CHEESE RECEPTIONS.

4:18 r. M .- The Pennsylvania vote ounted for Hayes (29 votes). When objection was offered to the vote of

one of the electors, was ineligible, the two WASHINGTON, D. C. February 21, 4:05 houses again separated. P. M -The house this morning decided, by A motion in the house to take a till to morrow was defeated-year, 83 a vote of 145 to 87, that the count of the

BEGINNING TO COUNT.

At 3:15 the senate entered the house

been read, he announced that the two

Senator Allison, one of the tellers, there-

Senators

upon announced that the state of Pennsyl-

lowing objections to the vote of Wm. S

Second, that Geo. H. Corlist, according

Third, It in any event it was competen

THE COUNT RESUMED.

chamber of the house, and the vote of

Rhode Island was, after the observance of

the usual formality, announced as fou votes for Hayes and Wheeler.

THE NEXT CERTIFICATE

opened was that from South Carolina, au-thenticated by Gov Chamberlain, showing

followed by another certificate, showing sev

en votes for Tilden and Hendricks, with a

statement by the electors, explaining th

absence of the governor's authentication.

would now retire to its own chamber.

morrow.

regular term.

The commission then adjourned till to

THE DEMOCRATIC HOWL.

provides that if the senate be in session at

residing officer shall act as President of

the United States, until a President shall be elected and qualified in accordance with

become the President of the United States

The Supreme Court met to-day, pursuant

APPROVED.

THE IMMORTAL PIPTERS.

WASHINGTON, February 27 .- The

were imposed, or if intimidation was practiced, the Republican form of government was not maintained, and he proposed to show, by testimony taken by the house committee, that both conditions existed Mr. Hurd held that as the Constitution of

electors, and that this requirement was ut terly ignored, the election was consequently void. He next went to the objection that the presence of United States troops in the

state overawed the people, and prevented free expression of the will of the people He read the

PROCLAMATION OF THE PRESIDENT. of October 17th, 1876, declaring that an in

surrection existed in that state, and con-tended that the clause of the Constitution authorizing the interference of the Federal

committee for determination.

At 6 o'clock the senate re-entered the

vote of Pennsylvania would be counted.

behaif of himsell,

state on November 7, 1876.

ately consider the objection.

electoral votes should go on. The joint session of the two houses me THE ELECTORAL COMMISSION Washington, D. C., February 26.—The Electoral Commission assembled at half past six, immediately after the two houses reported, all the members being present.

Mr. Kernan successor to Senator Thurman, taking his seat for the first time.

The papers referred to the commission by the two houses in joint session, were read by the secretary. In response to the in In the house, after the withdrawal of the senators, Mr. Clymer moved that a recess be taken till 10 o'clock a. m., on Monday, which was defeated—yess, 112; nays, 156. senators, Mr. Ciymer moved that a recess Other motions for a recess were made and
Other motions for a recess were made and
Mr. Lawrence said that Senator Christiancy and himself would appear as objec-

Special to the Leavensouth Times

At this writing, a discussion is being had on an order, offered by Mr. Hale, that the count of the vote of Oregon shall proceed. to another inquiry, as to who would appear as counsel, Mr. Hurd said he was not pre-In the senate a resolution that the de cision of the commission in the Oregon case pared to state at this time, but would an nounce the counsel to the commission to shall stand as the judgment of the senate,

norrow morning.

Mr. Matthews stated that Mr. Shellabar THEY ATJOURN. ger and himself would appear in favor of 5:00 P. M.—The house, by a vote of 13 to 121, has taken a recess till Monday.

IN JOINT SESSION. WASHINGTON, D. C., February 24 - The houses met in joint convention at noon and the decision of the electoral commis read in the brief.

THE GROUNDS of the decision is in favor of all the Haye electors, and that the said electors appear to have been lawfully appointed, and they institution, for the current expenses, six thousand dollars, where they asked for twenty thousand.

PASSED.

sioners are further of the opinion that by the laws of Oregon, the duty of canvassing the returns of all the votes given at the election of President and Vice-President, was imposed upon the secretary of state to aid in the canvass

press language of the statute those personare deemed elected. That in obedience his duty the secretary of state made the votes, showing this result, which, according office similar to that of the commissioner the senate with the vote. That the refusa of the governor of Oregon to sign the cer tificate of election of the persons so electe does not have the effect of defeating as announced by the said electoral commis-sion, if said decision be law, and pursuant to the laws of said state, by act of the ma-jority of the members of said college, and their appointment as such electors. That the act of the Governor of Oregon in giving to E. A. Cronin the certificate of his elec-

less than Watts, on the ground that the latter was ineligible, was without the authority of law and is therefore void. That siding officer annousced, at half past three although the evidence shows that Watts that the senate would now return to its was postmaster at the time of his election, chamber, so that both houses might sepawork which all the lawyers pronounce a managed, and think there is a growing ne- that fact is rendered immaterial by his resignation as postmaster. That as a cons quence of the foregoing, and upon the grounds before stated, the paper purporting to be the certificate of the electoral vote of per copy, which is decidedly cheaper but under the beneficient influences of the Oregon, signed by E. A. Cronin, D. T. Miller and John Parker, is not the certificate of has been able to do business in the state.

To the result of Laurence that the state of the United States, and they ought not to

ing and aporoving of this decision, are Samuel F. Miller, N. Strong, Jos. P. Bradley, Geo. F. Edmunds, O. P. Morton, Fredk. T. Frelinghuysen, James A.

the Democratic one was presented by sena-tor Patterson, of South Carolina. The ob The presiding officer asked whether the were any objections to the decision. Senator Keiley objected to the decision jections having been read, the presiding officer announced that they would be sub-mitted to the electoral commission for its on the following grounds: First, That Watte was not elected. judgment and decision, and that the senate Second, That he was not appointed. Third, That he was disqualified to

ceive any appointment as a presidential elector or to sit as such, in that he held an office of trust and profit under the United Fourth, That Cronin was elected a predential elector for Oregon and in accord ance with the law, cast a legal vote as such elector for Tilden, and that such vote should

is signed by Senators Kelley, Wayte, Coop-

er, McDonald, Norwood and Herceford, an by Representates Lane, Pappleton, Jencks, Vance, Throckmorton, Wike, Wiggiaton and Luttrell.

The presiding officer asked whether there were any further objections to the decisio and there being none, he announced that the senate would withdraw to its chamber

the Constitution and existing law; but if the senate be not then in session, the pre-siding officer last elected by that body shall THEY MEET AGAIN. When the two houses again met, the vot Two bills have passed the senate during the last few days, to repeal the laws of read.

until the vacancy shall be regularly filled; provided, that such last presiding officer shall not have ceased to e a member of the senate on the 4th of March, and provided also that he be posis now in force, to repeal the law after giving six years' notice. As the law now railroads, and to provide, in effect, that any that in the possible contingency of there being no such presiding or ex-presiding officer of the senate, the speaker of the house shall act as President. The bill looks to a new presidential election next November House will insist upon amending the bills, Monday, a Democratic caucus was an-before they pass that body, so that their nounced for to-night at 7:30. At that hour pant being installed, he would be entitled eferred to, until the 4th of March, 1878. THE SUPREME COURT.

After the house had taken a recess unt favored dilatory proceedings in the elector-al count were absent, as they were dissatisthat should be made. There are many counties in the state with no railroad debts,

reasonable limits, but counties which have, resignation or inability of both Presiden The bill to farm out the state funds to a ring of national banks went to the house, this morning—having passed the senate—if and before the cierk had concluded the reading of the bill, a motion to indefinitely

washington, February 27.—The electures, there would be no such vacancy as contemplated by law, and therefore provisions should be made for such a contingency.

Representative Field said he had prepared a bill to meet the contingncy, which he explained.

After some discussion the caucus adopted a resolution instructing the committee on the powers, privileges and duties of the house, to report on Monday, as at the earliest practicable moment, Field's bill providing that in case there be no election.

Washington, February 27.—The electural commission met at 10 o'clock a. m. Mr. Hurd stated that no counsel would appear to the objectors to certificate No. 1, the Republican certificate, and then submitted the reasons why the commission should reject that certificate, holding that a Republican form of government state. He insisted that if legal disabilities were imposed, or if intimidation was practiced, the Republican form of government providing that in case there be no election of President and Vice-President, under the the senate shall assume the functions President, and a new election is to President, and a new election is to be held at a time to be fixed by the committee. The resolution further instructs the committee to report Field's bill providing for quo warranto proceeding before the United States Supreme Court, with reference to the final settlement of the Presidential question.

There was some general discussion relative to points of order that may arise during the further count of the electoral vote, but no resolutions on this point were

vote, but no resolutions on this point adopted, and the caucus adjourned. WASHINGTON, D. C., February 23, 3:15 p

of the electoral commission, on account of

authorizing the interference of the Federal Government contemplated an insurrection against, or resistance, to state authority, and not a disturbance between individual citizens of the state. Rife clube riding up and down, mur-ering some peaceable citizens, as stated in the President's proclamation, he argued, did not amount to such an insurrection against the United States, or the state authorities, as warranted an intervention in the affairs of the state. The presence of troops was not to keen the physical disability, and the senate unanimously chose Mr. Kernan, of New York, to fill his vacancy. The house met at 10 o'clock, and a long discussion took place on the question presence of troops was not to keep the peace, but to influence the election.

When Mr. Hurd had faished, Mr. Coch-Ourse enjoys the proud distinction of furnishing more fillbusters in the house than any other State. Most of them are elected to stay at home next term and have nothing to risk.

In Pressia the socialist party is gaining strength; in England the Felix Hollans are making history, which no Polich gazrillas can destroy, and even in Boston any other State. The custom has been revived by the present state administration, but they seem to the American to the south end, and shall not effect any alleys or parts of alleys in the southeastern part of the state.

The custom has been revived by the present state administration, but they seem to the Mr. MORRILL moved to lay the bill on the table, but at the request of Mr. Sherm and the wild appear as course if or the objects on the state of 135 to 119, that the vote of Boggs should not be counted. Finally it was decided by a vote of 135 to 119, that the vote of Boggs should not be counted. Finally it was decided alley except two feet and three inches of the sorth end of the same, and one foot amend to receive that body in joint seelon. The committee on the privileges of proof, which he commission as follows:

In Pressia the socialist party is gaining strength; in England the Felix Hollans are conditions and many than the pression of the south end, and shall not effect any alleys or parts of the state.

The commission as the state administration, but they seem to the south the flat the house that a professor of proof, which he were now here. Mr. Cochrace then submitted certain profess of proof, which he were now here. Mr. Cochrace then submitted certain professor of proof, which he commission as follows:

The commission of the bill the special the flat the house have a receive the south the submitted certain professor of proof, which he commission as follows:

The commission of the south and state of the south end of the south end of the south end of proof, which he commission as follows:

The commission of the state that the house was revealed to report the south end of the

state under Gen. Ruger, who telegraphed that all was quiet and no more troops were needed, and that if more were needed he Rhode Island, on the ground that Slater,

would call for them; that notwithstanding this, on the next day. October 17th, the President issued his proclamation, and a large number of additional troops were sent into the state; that during 1876 there was no time when the state authorities tion whether tes impay taken before the

state without the request of the legislature, which could have readily been convened. Fourth. That troops we e sent, not to quell an insurrection and preserve the should be read, and it was accordingly peace, but to overawe voters and influence the election, and that they were present at Mr. KELLEY offered a resolution that

Fifth, That the presence of troops emoldened the more desperate of the negroes, nd that in Beaufort and Charleston, they inaugorated a system of riot and violence, in which they were protected by the state officers; that the police of Charleston, com-posed mainly of desperate negroes, employ-ed its time in shooting down inoffensive white cutizens; that negroes at the polls were armed and prevented colored trees who were armed and prevented colored men who would have voted the Democratic ticket, Mr. Christiancy said he appeared for the objectors, but they did not propose to occupy the whole time allowed them. In response from doing so; that the state militia con sisting of the worst class of negroes, were at the polls, and assisted in preventing colored men from voting the Democratic ticket; that one of the electors, who was sheriff of Charleston county, C. C. Bowen, appointed hundreds of deputies, who went about arresting citizens at their pleasure, unwar-rantly interfering with the election, and that U. S. Marshals, in large numbers, were at the polls, interfering with a fre rote by the people of the state.

THE REPUBLICAN SIDE The presiding officer called the meeting to Mr. Lawrence began the argument for order, and the action of each house having the Hayes objectors, showing that the want of registration did not effect the elechouses not having concurred otherwise the tion. The Constitution of the United States gave power to the legislature of a state, and the Constitution of a state could put no restriction upon this constitutional vania had given twenty-sine votes for Hayes and Wheeler. The cirtificate from Rhode Island was grant to the legislature. He went into a brief argumen' to show that the form of government in South Carolina was Repub-lican. The third objection, that troops then read, showing four votes for Haves and had been stationed in the state without The pre-iding officer having asked uthority of law, was untrue in fact, and whether there was any objection to the vote of Rhode Island being counted, O'Brien, in it must be proved. That officers of the government understood and executed the awa. In relation to the presence of United Gordon, and Representatives Jencks. States Marshals at the polls, the Constitu Mackey, Rice, Vance, Hurd, Walling and Pappleton, presented the foltion gives congress the power to enforce its provisions. If evidence was to be admit-ted, there would be an abundance of proof to show that the presence of those men was necessary. It must be presumed, the evi-deace of proof to the contrary, that those First, that the said Wm. S. Slater was

not duly appointed an elector by the state of Rhode Island at the election in the said officers had done their duty The argument in the South Caroline to the decision of the electoral commission, if such decision be law, rendered in the count of the vote of J. W. Watts, as an eleccase closed at 1:10 p. m., and a recess was taken till 1:45, when a session for consulta-

tor of the state of Oregon, was duly appointed elector by the state of Rhode Island, and EIGHT TO SEVEN. the substitution of said Slater was illegal The electoral commission has decided, by vote of eight to seven, that the Haves complete the electoral college of Rhode nd Wheeler electoral votes of South Caro ina should be counted. The commission unanimously decided that the Tilden votes would only have been done under the law The commission then adjourned at 7 p m, until 11 a, m, on Friday.

> THE COUNT WILL GO ON. While it is true that the obstructionists n the house are numerous, and are daily n receipt of telegrams and letters from political friends to stand firm and delay the urther count of the electoral vote, yet those of the same party who are opposed to de lays, and acting in conjunction with the R-publicans, constitute a sufficient force to prevent a defeat of the final count.

IN CONCRESS.

WASHINGTON D. C. February 96 - The The objection to the Republican certifi-cate was presented by Representative Coch-rane, of Pennsylvania, and the objection to vania elector's case.

At 3 p. m. Mr. Adams, clerk of the

house, appeared in the senate and notified he had raised against the paragraph, on the company have facilities for obtaining any that body of the action of the house in the ground that it was new legislation, but amount desired to build further into the Pennsylvania case, and also that the house was now ready to meet the senate in joint session for the purpose of resuming the

The senate then proceeded to the hall of Upon returning, at 3:30, the president pro tem, announced that the senate retired A majority of the committee on privileges, powers and duties of the house, have agreed to report a bill to provide for temporarily filling any vacancy occurring in the office of President, in the event of there rom the joint meeting upon an objection made to the certificate of Rhode Island. The secretary then read the objection to he vote of Wm. S. Stater, appointed as an being no constitutional declaration of an election before the commescement of a

elector by the legislature in the place of Geo. H. Carliss.

Mr. BURNSIDE submitted a resolution that the vote of Wm. S. Slater be counted with the other votes of the electors of Rhode Island, notwithstanding the objections made thereto.

After a brief debate, the question being on the resolution of Mr. Burnside, it was unanimously agreed to; yeas, 57; nays, 0. The secretary was directed to notity the

house of representatives of the action of the senate. At 5:55 the clerk of the house again appeared and notified the senate of the action of the house in the Rhode Island case, and also that the house was now ready to receive the senate and resume the

upon returning, at 6:30, the president pro-tem, announced that the senate having reired from the joint meeting of the houses upon an objection submitted to the certificate from South Carolina, and the papers having been submitted to the elec-toral commission, the senate would now re-sume the legislative bu-iness.

Messrs. Windom and Allison, Democrats, were appointed as members of the confer-

ce committee on the legislative, judicial and executive appropriation bill. Sena-tors Sargent, Windom and Miller on the to adjournment, and without transacting any business, adjourned till Thursday, deficiency appropriation bill, and Messra. Sargent, Cragin and Wallace on the naval appriation bill.

Mr. McDonald gave notice that at 10:20 A public meeting was held to-night to take measures for the proper observance of the inauguration of the President of the United States. The meeting being divided

o-morrow, he would call up the resolution of the house in respect to the memory of the late Speaker M. C. Kerr. Mr Cockrell introduced a bill to authorbetween having a suitable reception and a ball, the subject was left to an executive Missouri river at Glasgow, Missouri. Rete the construction of a bridge across the

Mr. Sargent submitted a resolution that The President has approved the consular and diplomatic appropriation bill. the Senato do now proceed to the election of a President pro. tem. Laid on the ta-He gave notice that he would call it up

or consideration at an early day.

Mr. Allison submitted the report of the riation bill, and it was agreed to. The Chair laid before the senate the Pacific railroad sinking fund bill in order that it should be unfinished business to

The session was resumed at 10 o'clock were appointed as members of the confer-ence committee on the post-office appropriaerday, Mr. McDonald called up the

resolution in respect to the memory of the late speaker, M. C. Kerr. Eulogies were delivered by Senators Mc onald, Wallace, Wright, Bayard, Booth and Morton, after which the resolutions were notice, agreed to.

The house joint resolution, authorizing the President to designate and set apart a site for the colossal statue of "Liberty Enlightened to the World," and to provide for the permanent maintenance and preser-vation thereof, was passed.

Mr CONOVER presented a petition signed by the leading citizens of Washing-ton, asking the use of the rot nds of the

Mr. MORRILL moved to lay the bill on the table, but at the request of Mr. Sherman, he modified the motion so as to postpone further consideration of the bill until the first Monday of December next. After debate the motion was agreed to; yeas, 29; nays, 28.

Mr. WINDOM, from the committee on public lands, reported favorably on the senting.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 26. The house met at 10 o'clock, but it was ould not preserve the peace.

Third. That troops were sent into the Pennsylvania elector, Boggs, appointed in stead of Daniel J. Morrill a centenni stead of Daniel J. Morrill a centenni stead of Daniel J. The hou communioner, should be read. The house decided, by a vote of 133 to 116, that is

different counties, who have invited Leavenworth to be the railroad center of the state. the polis and did intimidate and influence the vote of Boggs should be counted, and woters.

Mr. Springer, offered a substitute that it The meeting was called to order, by the resident, Hon. John Wilson, and on moshould not be. tion Dr. R. J. Brown, was elected secretary. The discussion having closed, Mr. Spring The business for which the meeting had er's resolution that the vote of Boggs be not counted, was adopted by a vote of 133 to 119, and the senate was notified that the called, was then proceeded with by a call

from the president for the report. The ou-e was ready to receive the senate.

Mr. KELLEY said the objection w based on the principle so often overruled on the law, that his side of the house could under the Constitution, and under the law of Pennsylvania, Henry K. Boggs was not entitled to cast his vote as an elector.
At 12:10 the SPEAKER announced that row gauge railroad through Jefferson a new legislative day had begun and after the journal of Saturday was read, the dis-

In the course of the discussion, Mr. Hew-

t again arraigned Mr. Hoar for bad faith. appealed to the Democrats to yield to best counties in the state. sion, and trust to the ballot box for a remedy. The members gathered around country to railroad communication, which him in excited circles, and as he was asked by Mr. Cote why, if the decision was infaby Mr. Cote why, if the decision was infa-mous, he advised yielding to it, Hewitt sidies for said road to the amount of \$3,000 said it was better to yield than to precipi- per mile is liberal, and we hereby pledge tate anarchy and revolution. That senti-ment was characterized by Mr. Cote as cow-build said road whenever said sum of ardly, whereupon Mr. Ye tes upraided the \$3,000 aid, per mile is secured, and pledge Northern Democrats with denouncing those ourselves to complete the same from Leav-who yielded as cow ards, although they had, fitteen years ago, when the pinch had Bend Kansas. come, turned upon them.

There was great excitement and confu-ion, recalling some of the seen s of 1861. on, recalling some of the scen s of 1861.

As soon as order was restored, Mr. PAP- taken by them in originating and creating pleton moved that the house take a public sentiment favorable to the build-a recess until to-morrow at 10 o'clock. On- ing of this road, being fully satisfied that Mr. WOOD (N. Y) moved to reconsider the vis t of the representatives of the counhe vote by which the house had refused to in the building of said road, ake a recess, and to lay that motion on the Fifth: The Kansas Central Railroad table, stating that he made the motion for stands ready to pledge their line of road the purpose of preventing any delay in the counting of the electoral votes. Messrs.

Obern and Walling called for the yeas and of this work, when such named aid is guar-

nays, which were ordered, and the result anteed. ras—yeas, 182; nays, 67.

Mr. O'BRIEN offered a resolution declar-ratiroad committee of thirty-one citizens, be ng that the vote of William S. Slater should appointed by this meeting, whose duty it Mr. EAMES offered a substitute, that the all railroad matters touching the interest

of each Stater should be counted.

After quite a lengthy discussion the the press, or to called meetings of the citi house proceeded to vote on the substitute zens for their consideration and approval offered by Mr. Fames, that the vote of the That said committee shall have power to nt division.

Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, offered a resoluby the election of a chairman and secretary out division. on to notify the senate.

Mr. KNOTT offered a substitute that the necessary to obtain full and reliable is

mate be notified that the house will meet | mation upon all questions affecting our ma the senate at 10 o'clock to morrow forenoon. | terial interests. A point of order being raised against Knotts' metion, the speaker sustained lowing gentlemen as the proper persons to the point of order, and his decision was ap-Mr. WILSON'S resolution was then ad-

The house at 6:30, took a recess till 10 H. D. Rush, J. L. Wever,

Washington, February 27. M. Hoffman, O. B. Taylor, Upon assembling this morning, the H. T. Green, one went into committee of the whole on E Stillings, the sundry civil appropriation bill.

The pending question was on the point of order raised by Mr. Conger to a paraJos. Whitaker, graph relating to the payment of dues to M. H. Insley, mul contractors in certain southern states. R. N. Hershfield, There being but a few members present, A. B. Havens, the paragraph was passed over for the presagraph relating to public lands. The next paragraph to which question

was made, was the appropriation of ession was resumed at 10 o'clock, but no 000 for payment of mail contracts, for mail marks were made by several gentlemen a-iness was done, the senators awaiting service performed in certain southern states present relative to the cost of building the the decision of the house in the Pennsyl- in 1859-60 and 61, before those states engaged in rebellion. Mr. CONGER withdrew the point which mile, and that the present Kansas Central the point was renewed by Mr. Pipe.

Before Mr. FIELD made a report, the committee rose, in order that the new legislative day might commence.

Mr. ATKINS offered a resolution that when the committee of the whole next considered the sandry civil appropriation bill it should be in order to offer an amendment providing for the payment of the mail con tractors who performed the mail service in the Southern states in 1859, 1860 and 1861

The house then went into committee of the whole on the sundry civil appropriation bill.
Mr. ATKINS offered his amendment, which was adopted.

Mr. SEELEYE offered an amendme authorizing the accounting officers to settle the accounts of the commissioners appoint ed in 1875 to investigate affairs at Red Cloud Agency Adopted. The committee then rose and reported the bill to the house. Mr FIELD, from the committee or privileges, reported a bill providing that in

lice-President, the president of the senate, r in case of vacancy in that office, then the speaker of the house, or in case of there eing no speaker, then the secretary of state shall assume the office of President, until a President has been elected. Mr. BURCHARD raised a point of order that the committee had no authority to r The SPEAKER overruled the point of

order, and the motion to reject Mr. Field's The bill was then read a second time and discussed. The debate was brief, and the question was ordered on its passage. The bill was then ordered to be read the third time, and having been so read, it was passed; yeas 138, nays 89, a party vote. The exact text of Mr. Field's bill is as

In case of the removal, death, resignation or inability of both President and Vice-President of the United States, or in case of a vacancy in those offices arising from the failure of the two houses of congress to as-certain and declare an election before the commencement of the term of office in re-spect to which the electoral votes were cast, r in case of a vacancy arising from any other cause, the president of the senate, of there be none, the speaker of the house or the time being, and if there be no such peaker then the secretary of state in office

when the vacancy happens, shall act as pesident until the disability is removed or President elected Mr. SCHLEICHER moved to suspend the rules and adopt a resolution reciting the principle that as a free government de morrow.

The senate then went into executive seesion, and when the doors were opened took a recess until 10 o'clock to-morrow. Seventy-one Years of Age Hampton government in South Carolina, and the Nicholla government in Louisiana, are the only governments in those states that command the support of the people, and do not depend for their support on the military interference of the national gov-ernment, and declaring the state govern-ment represented by Gov. Hampton and the state government represented by Gov. lawful governments of the states of South Carolina and Louisiana. Rejected—yeas,

156; naye, 93-not two-thirds in the affirm for I do not think enough can be said in its praise, for I was troubled over 30 years with that dreadful dis-ase, Catarrh, and had such bad coughing spells that it would seem as though I never could breath any more, and VEGETINE has cured me, and I do feel to thank God all the time that there is so good a medicine as VEGETINE, and I also think it one of the best medicines for coughs and weak, sinking feelings at the stomach, and advise everybody to take the VEGETINE, for I can assure them it is one of the best medicines that ever wes.

Miss. L. Gode, Cor. Magazine and Walnut St. President, to the effect that the Nicholi's government should be austained as repre-senting the best elements of the state, and declaring that the opinions expressed by the President are sound, and are the sentiments of a large majority of the American

At the expiration of the morning hour, the chair laid before the senate the unfinished business bill to amend the Pacific railroad acts.

add of the house for the author of the telegram, but his name was not given.

The motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution was defeated—yeas 127, nays 85—not a two-thirds in the affirma-

H. R. STEVERS, BOSTON, HASE,

sizes be counted. It was agreed to with- fill any vacancy that may occur from any

shall be to take into consideration, any and

RAILR AD MEETING

ed, Read and Adopted.

chairman of the committee offered the fol-

lowing, which were, on motion adopted

LEAVENWORTH, Kan, February 23, 77.

To the President and Gentlemen of the Meet

Your committee, to whom was referred

he question of extending the present nar

Pherson, Rice and Barton counties, would

Second: The line proposed, will open

espectfully report as follows:

First : In our judgment the propo-

and appoint such sub-committees as may b Screnth: We would recommend the fol constitute the said commit Theo. Egersdorff, D. R. Anthony. J. F. Richards Robt, Keith, D M. Swan,

J. A. McGonigle John Wilson, E. P. Willson, H C Aiken, P. G. Lowe, T. Sinks, Robert J. Brown M. Ryan, J. S. Rice, G. Geiger. John Wilson,

After the adoption of the report, reroad, estimating it at \$6,500 to \$7,500 per ground that it was new legislation, but smount desired to build further into the State, if \$3,000 per mile can be guaranteed by the townships and counties. On motion of Hon, H. M. Aller, the

committee I named in the report, were to meet on next Friday evening, at the rooms of the Academy of Science. No further business appearing, the meet ing adjourned until the time designated.

The great success of Vegetine in curing such seases as Scrofula, inherited in the blood gether with the increasing demand of the criterie, is conclusive evidence of its actual

Unprecedented Merit.

I. R. STEVENS, Esq.—ISar Sir: For many

is compelled to endure with this comnt. For a long time my head was in a
siful condition. I used various kinds of
selies and medicines, some of which was
chally prepared for me. I got no better,—
ed, constantly grew worse, the surface of
head being entirely covered with sores of
most aggravated nature. This was my
ditton when I commenced taking the

EAST MARSHFIELD, Aug. 22, 1870.

Mr. H. R. STEVENS,-Dear Sir: I will mos

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Boston, Jan. 1st, 1878.

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equaled. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. LIVER PILLS.

Each wrapper bears the signatures of ma: 2-115:Aw

Paoli's Electro-Vultaic Chain Belt. TIVES a continuous current or electricity without shocks, permeales and vitalizes the

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nees of and participant in his great revival meetings in England. Indoned and ap-proved by eminent Christians. Says Prest. Fowler, of North-Western University, "May God grant this book a million readonce for terms and circulars to

MONITOR MILLS,

LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS

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in the back and totus, failness and pressingpain in the head, nausen, vertige.

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maneutive cared.
PHYSICIARS of all schools who are acquainted with Pond's Extract of Witch Huzel reccommendation from hondreds of Physicians, many of whem notes it for use in their own practice. In addition to the forceins, they order its use for Swellings of all kinds, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Indamed Tousile, they can be a supply and chronic Diarrhon. Catarry, for which it as a specific, Chribinius, Fractor Fort, Stings of Inserts. Manuficher of Feet, Stings of Insects, Masquitoes, etc., Chapped Hunds, Fuce, and indeed all manner of skin diseases.

ctc., Chapped Hunds, Face, and indeed all manner of skin diseases.

12ii Ef 1885.—Removes Sevences, Roughness, and Sunarting heals Cuts, Eventions, and Pimples. It review, intigerate, and refeat, while wonderfully improving the Complexion.

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circumscribed spot on one or both neeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils ilate; an azure semicirele runs along he lower eye-lid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swellng of the upper lip; occasional headtche, with humaning or throbbing of re cars: an unusual secretion of saliva; others, entirely gone; fleeting pains omiting; violent pains throughout the ostive: stools slimy; not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by iscongh; couch sometimes dry and tonyulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep,

variable, but generally irritable, &c. Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist, DR. C. MILANE'S VERMIFUGE

with grinding of the teeth; temper

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